

The Community Atmospheric Model (CAM)

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Outline

- CESM: workflow and compsets
- CAM standalone: running CAM4 and CAM5 physics
- Namelist changes
- Code Changes
- How to look at the results: The CAM diagnostic package
- Exercises solutions

Basic workflow to run CESM

The set of 4 commands you need to create and run a case

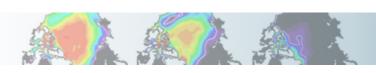
- Create a New Case
- Configure the Case case name and path

 Go into the case directory you just created (in the previous step):

 cd ~/mycase.01/

 configure –case
- Build the Executable mycase.01.mapache.build
- Run the Model mycase.01.mapache.submit





create_newcase -list

Displays complete list of resolutions, compsets and machines

```
RESOLUTIONS: name (shortname)
  0.23x0.31_0.23x0.31 (f02_f02)
                                              specifies the model resolutions
  0.23x0.31 gx1v6 (f02 g16)
                                              Format is: [atm/Ind grid] [ocn/ice grid]
COMPSETS: name (shortname): description
  A PRESENT DAY (A)
                                      First letter of the compset name
     Description: All data model
                                      indicates which components are used
 B 2000 (B)←
     Description: All active components, present day
MACHINES: name (description)
 bluefire (NCAR IBM p6, os is AIX, 32 pes/node, batch system is LSF)
```



Compsets types

Designation	Details
A	All DATA components (used primarily for testing)
В	FULLY ACTIVE components
С	POP active with data atm, lnd(runoff), and ice
D	CICE active with data atm and ocean
Е	CAM, CLM, and CICE active with data ocean (som mode)
F	CAM, CLM, and CICE (prescribed mode) active with data ocean (sstdata mode)
G	POP and CICE active with data atm and lnd(runoff)
Н	POP and CICE active with data atm
I	CLM active with data atm

Compsets types

Designation	Details
A	All DATA components (used primarily for testing)
В	FULLY ACTIVE components Fully coupled: This morning
С	POP active with data atm, lnd(runoff), and ice
D	CICE active with data atm and ocean
Е	CAM, CLM, and CICE active with data ocean (som mode) CAM standalone: Now
F	CAM, CLM, and CICE (prescribed mode) active with data ocean (sstdata mode)
G	POP and CICE active with data atm and lnd(runoff)
Н	POP and CICE active with data atm
I	CLM active with data atm CLM standalone: tomorrow

Scientific validation: Warning!

CESM can be run out-of-the box for a variety of compset/resolution/machine combinations but only a few combinations have undergone through a rigorous scientific climate validation

The list of scientifically validated run is displayed when running the command: create_newcase -case ~/mycase.01 -res f19_g16 -compset B_1850 -mach mapache

```
CESM1.0 README

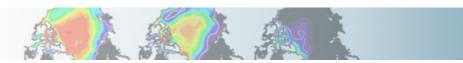
For both a quick start as well as a detailed summary of creating and running a CESM model case, see the CESM1.0 User's Guide at http://www.cesm.ucar.edu/models/cesm1.0

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT SCIENTIFIC VALIDATION

CESM1.0 has the flexibility to configure cases with many different combinations of component models, grids, and model settings, but this version of CESM has only been validated scientifically for the following fully active configurations:

1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850_CN
1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850_RAMPCO2_CN
1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850_2000_CN
```

Users should carry out their own validations prior doing scientific runs.



Validated configuration

Coupled Mode

1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850_CN 1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850_RAMPCO2_CN 1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850-2000_CN 1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850_CAM5 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850_CN 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850_RAMPCO2_CN 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850-2000_CN 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850_BGC-BPRP 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850_BGC-BDRD 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850-2000_BGC-BPRP 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850-2000_BGC-BPRP 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850-2000_BGC-BPRP

0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850_CN_CHEM 0.9x1.25_gx1v6 B_1850-2000_CN_CHEM

1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850_WACCM_CN 1.9x2.5_gx1v6 B_1850-2000_WACCM_CN

T31_gx3v7 B_1850_CN

Standalone Mode

```
1.9x2.5_1.9x2.5 F_2000_WACCM

1.9x2.5_1.9x2.5 F_AMIP_CAM5

1.9x2.5_1.9x2.5 F_AMIP_CN

0.9x1.25_0.9x1.25 F_AMIP_CN

0.9x1.25_gx1v6 I_2000

0.9x1.25_gx1v6 I_2000_CN

T62_gx1v6 C_NORMAL_YEAR
```

For scientifically validated configurations, long controls runs are available on: http://www.cesm.ucar.edu/experiments/cesm1.0

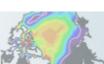




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Running CAM standalone: F cases

- F case: active atmosphere model (CAM) + active land model (CLM)
 - + thermodynamic only sea ice model (CICE) + data ocean model (DOCN)

Many available F compsets

For instance: F_AMIP_CN F_2000_CN F_1850

 F_AMIP_CAM5 F_2000_CAM5 F_1850_CAM5

Type of SSTs

F AMIP*: observed SSTs

*F_2000**: climatological present day SSTs *F_1850**: climatological pre-industrial SSTs

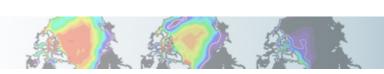
CAM physics

CAM4 physics (default)
CAM5 physics available (CAM5 in compset name)

Resolution

In coupled mode: model resolution format is : [atm/Ind grid]_[ocn/ice grid]. Ex: f09_g16
In CAM mode: all the components are run on CAM grid: [atm/Ind grid] [atm/Ind grid]: Ex: f09_f09





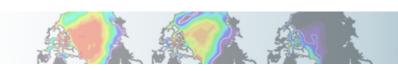
Some instructions for the lab

 We will use the CESM code located locally on mapache, no need to checkout or download any input data.

CESM code: /usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2

- 2. We will run at coarse resolution (T31_T31).
 The default resolution for CAM4 is 1 degree (f09_f09) and for CAM5 2 degree (f19_f19).
 In this tutorial, we are using resolution that is NOT scientifically validated
- 3. Because of space issue on scratch1, the scripts are configured to put your run directories into: /scratch2/\$logname/CESM (instead of /scratch1/\$logname/CESM)
- 4. Exercises solutions are at the end of the tutorial. Try to use hints and documentation before looking at solutions.
- 5. Be curious (explore the CESM directories/files).
- 6. Have fun





Running CAM4 and CAM5 physics

The first set of exercises demonstrate how to turn on CAM4/CAM5 physics.

Model	CAM3	CAM4	CAM5	
Release	June 2004 April 2010		June 2010	
Shallow Convection	Hack (1994)	Hack (1994)	Park et al. (2009)	
Deep Convection	Zhang and McFarlane (1995)	Neale et al. (2008)	Neale et al. (2008)	
Microphysics	Rasch and Kristjansson (1998)	Rasch and Kristjansson (1998)	Morrison and Gettelman (2008)	
Macrophysics	Rasch and Kristjansson (1998)	Rasch and Kristjansson (1998)	Park et al. (2011)	
Radiation	Collins et al. (2001)	Collins et al. (2001)	lacono et al. (2008)	
Aerosols	Bulk Aerosol Model	Bulk Aerosol Model BAM	Modal Aerosol Model Ghan et al. (2011)	
Dynamics	Spectral	Finite Volume	Finite Volume	







Exercise 1: Running CAM4 physics

Exercise 1: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case01" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 1 month. Turn off the short-term archiving.

Hints:

- Use resolution: T31_T31 In CAM standalone mode, all the components are

run on CAM grid

- Use compset: F 2000 Active CAM and CLM with prescribed CICE and DOCN

- Edit env run.xml

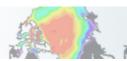
to specify the run length (1 month)

Change the variables STOP_OPTION and STOP_N using the xmlchange command

Set the variable DOUT_S to FALSE rm archive using the xmlchange command

to turn off short-term archive using the







The file: env_run.xml

The variables in env_run.xml MAY BE CHANGED ANYTIME during a run.

Common variables to change include:

- RESUBMIT: sets the number of times to resubmit the run
- STOP_OPTION: sets the run length time interval, i.e. nmonths, ndays, nyears
- STOP_N: sets the number of intervals (set by STOP_OPTION) to run the model during the specified wallclocktime.
 Wallclocktime is set in your *.run file and is a measure of the actual time.
- CONTINUE_RUN: if TRUE, implies a CONTINUE run.
 Note: if RESUBMIT is > 0 and it is an initial run (i.e. CONTINUE_RUN=FALSE),
 CONTINUE RUN will automatically update to TRUE upon completion of initial run.
- DOUT_S -> turns on short-term archiving (short term archiving) . DOUT_S is TRUE by default. Today, we will set it to false. We will cover archiving tomorrow.



xmlchange command

xmlchange is used to edit xml files:

Syntax:

xmlchange -file [name] -id [name] -val [name]

- -file: The xml file to be edited.
- -id: The xml variable name to be changed.
- -val: The intended value of the variable associated with the -id argument.

Example;

xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_N -val 3

Note: If you want a single quotation mark ("", also called an apostrophe) to appear in the string provided by the -val option, you must specify it as "'".



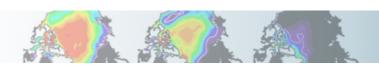


Documenting your changes

Let's introduce good practices: Document everything you do!

In your case directory, in addition to your scripts, you will find a file called *README.case*.

- README.case: one line of text which echos your create_newcase command. create_newcase -res T31_T31 -compset F_2000 -case ~/case01 -mach mapache
- In README.case: we highly recommend YOU document any changes you make to the default scripts. It is your paper trail and opportunity to list modifications. You will thank yourself months (years) later, when you are trying to figure out what you did ohso-long ago!

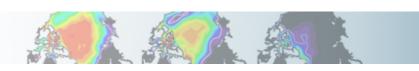


Exercise 2: Running CAM5 physics

Exercise 2: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case02" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM5 physics. Set the run length to 1 month. Turn off the short-term archiving. Compare the case directories: case01 and case02. In particular, compare the file env_conf.xml for the 2 cases

Hints:

- As in exercise 1: use resolution T31_T31 and change run length
- Use compset: F_2000_CAM5 CAM5 physics



CAM4 physics vs CAM5 physics

When the two runs are done:

output files (*.h0.*) restart files (*.r*)

Compare the output files (use *ncdump* for instance)

- vertical resolution is different

CAM4: 26 levels

CAM5: 30 levels (4 more levels in boundary layer)

- output variables are different

case01.cam2.h0.0001-01.nc case01.cam2.r.0001-02-01-00000.nc case01.cam2.rs.0001-02-01-00000.nc case01.cice_r_0001-02-01-00000.nc

case01.clm2.h0.0001-01.nc

case01.clm2.r.0001-02-01-00000 case01.clm2.r.0001-02-01-00000.nc case01.cpl.r.0001-02-01-00000.nc

case01.docn.rs1.0001-02-01-00000.bin

Compare the model cost

CESM produces timing files: ~/case01/timing and ~/case02/timing

- CAM4: 12.6 simulated years per day

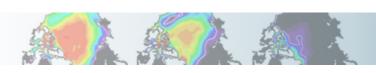
- CAM5: 2.7 simulated years per day

CAM5 is about 5 times more expensive (with this number of processors)

However: - CAM5 is scaling better on more processors (only 2 more time expensive)

- Now: CAM5: prognostics aerosol ⇔ CAM4: prescribed aerosols Soon: CAM5 with prescribed aerosols will be available soon

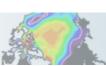




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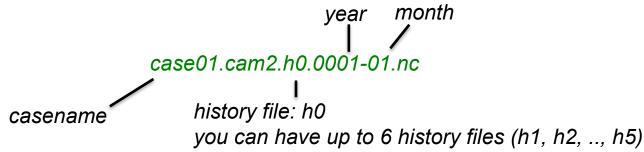






Changing output frequency

By default CAM output monthly mean history files. For instance, look at the case01 history file. The name structure is:



The output frequency in the h0 file is controlled by the namelist variable: *nhtfrq If nhtfrq=0, the file will be a monthly average If nhtfrq>0, frequency is input as number of timesteps. If nhtfrq<0, frequency is input as number of hours.*

For instance to change the history file from monthly average to daily average, we set the namelist variable:

$$nhtfrq = -24$$





How to change a namelist variable?

To understand how to change a namelist variable, we need to understand when/how the namelists are created.

create newcase: creates a case directory

~/case01 that contains the files:

configure –case: creates a sub-directory

~/case01/Buildconf that contains the files

case01.\$mach.build: call \$component.buildnml.csh

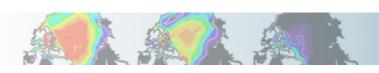
to create namelists (atm_in,...)

case01.\$mach.run: in the *run directory*

env_case.xml env_conf.xml env_build.xml env_run.xml usr_cam_nl

cam.buildnml.csh cice.buildnml.csh clm.buildnml.csh cpl.buildnml.csh docn.buildnml.csh sglc.buildnml.csh

> atm_in Ind_in ice_in ocn_in drv in



How to change a namelist variable?

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configure –case: creates a sub-directory

~/case01/Buildconf that contains the files

case01.\$mach.build: call \$component.buildnml.csh

to create namelists (atm in,...)

case01.\$mach.run: in the *run directory*

There ways to change namelists

env_case xml
env_conf.xml
env_build.xml
env_run.xml
usr cam nl

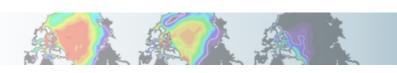
←Here

← Here

cam.buildnml.csh cice.buildnml.csh clm.buildnml.csh cpl.buildnml.csh docn.buildnml.csh sglc.buildnml.csh

← Here

atm_in Ind_in ice_in ocn_in drv_in



Change namelists using env_conf.xml

The first way to modify a namelist variable is to edit the file env_conf.xml before configuring the model.

In env_conf.xml:

CAM_NAMELIST_OPTS: CAM namelist options that differ from default values CLM_NAMELIST_OPTS: CLM namelist options that differ from default values CICE_NAMELIST_OPTS: CICE namelist options for that differ from default values

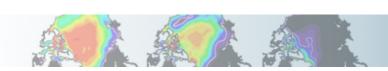
For instance to change the output frequency:

xmlchange -file env_conf.xml -id CAM_NAMELIST_OPTS -val nhtfrq=-24

When you configure the model (*configure –case*), the resulting namelist variables will appear in *Buildconf/cam.buildnml.csh*

These variables CANNOT be modified once *configure -case* has been invoked without first invoking *configure -cleannamelist* or *configure -cleanall*.





Change namelists using user_nl_cam

The second way to modify a namelist variable is to create a file *user_cam_nl* that contains the modified namelist variables. Using *user_cam_nl* is very useful if you need to modify numerous namelist variables.

```
&camexp
nhtfrq=-24
/
```

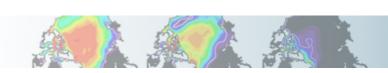
```
The syntax is VERY important.
&camexp
insert your changes (one line per change)
```

The file *user_cam_nl* should be placed in your case directory before you configure the model.

When you configure the model (*configure –case*), the resulting namelist variables will appear in *Buildconf/cam.buildnml.csh*

These variables CANNOT be modified once *configure -case* has been invoked without first invoking *configure -cleannamelist* or *configure -cleanall*.





Change namelists using cam.buildnml.csh

The third way to modify a namelist variable is to edit: Buildconf/cam.buildnml.csh

Useful if you forgot to include something.

This is done after configuring the model.

You need to include your changes in the appropriate *namelist group*:

Ex: nhtfrq is in cam_inparm

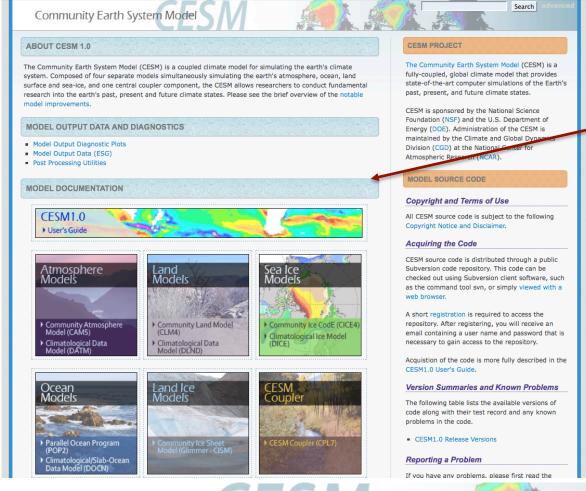
If you issue the commands: configure –cleannamelist or configure -cleanall all your changes are gone !!!

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```
#! /bin/csh -f
# - CAM and CLM namelist variable dtime must have same values
# - If the user changes any input datasets - be sure to give it a
    unique filename. Do not duplicate any existing input files
set exedir = $RUNDIR; cd $exedir
cat >! atm in << EOF
&aerodep flx nl
 aerodep flx datapath = '$DIN LOC ROOT/atm/cam/chem/trop mozart aero/
aero'
 aerodep flx file = 'aerosoldep monthly 1849-2006 1.9x2.5 c090803.nc'
 aerodep flx type = 'CYCLICAL'
 aerodep flx ymd = 20000101
&cam inparm
                  <= Include your changes here
 nhtfrq = -24
 absems data = '$DIN LOC ROOT/atm/cam/rad/
abs_ems_factors fastvx.c030508.nc'
 bnd topo = '$DIN LOC ROOT/atm/cam/topo/USGS-qtopo30 48x96 c050520.nc'
 cam branch file = ' '
 dtime = 1800
 ncdata = '$DIN LOC ROOT/atm/cam/inic/gaus/
cami 0000-01-01 48x96 L26 c091218.nc'
phys loadbalance = 2
&chem surfvals nl
 ch4vmr = 1760.0e-9
 co2vmr = 367.0e-6
 f11vmr = 653.45e-12
 f12vmr = 535.0e-12
 n2ovmr = 316.0e-9
```

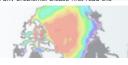
Where to find the namelist documentation?

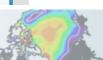
CESM website: http://www.cesm.ucar.edu/models/cesm1.0/



Model documentation for each component of CFSM

Community Earth System Model Tutorial







CAM namelist documentation?

http://www.cesm.ucar.edu/models/cesm1.0/cam/



CAM namelist documentation?

Search or Browse CAM Namelist Variables

This page contains the complete list of namelist variables available in CAM-4.0. They are grouped by categories designed to aid browsing. Clicking on the name of a variable will display descriptive information. If search terms are entered in the text box below, the list will be condensed to contain only matched variables.

□ Also search help text

Control - Driver

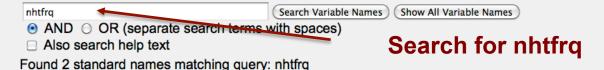
Search Variables Names or Show All Variables Names

Namelist Variable	Туре	Group
▶ aqua_planet	logical	seq_infodata_inparm
▶ atm_adiabatic	logical	seq_infodata_inparm
<pre>* atm_ideal_phys</pre>	logical	seq_infodata_inparm
<pre>atm_logfile</pre>	char*256	camexp
▶ atm_logfile_diro	char*256	camexp
▶ atm_ntasks	integer	ccsm_pes
▶ atm_nthreads	integer	ccsm_pes
▶ atm_pestride	integer	ccsm_pes
▶ atm_rootpe	integer	ccsm_pes
▶ bfbflag	logical	seq_infodata_inparm
brnch_retain_casename	logical	seq_infodata_inparm
▶ budget_ann	integer	seq_infodata_inparm
▶ budget_daily	integer	seq_infodata_inparm
▶ budget_inst	integer	seq_infodata_inparm
<pre>budget_ltann</pre>	integer	seq_infodata_inparm
▶ budget_ltend	integer	seq_infodata_inparm
▶ budget_month	integer	seq_infodata_inparm
case_desc	char*256	seg infodata inparm

CAM namelist documentation?

Search or Browse CAM Namelist Variables

This page contains the complete list of namelist variables available in CAM-5.0. They are grouped by categories designed to aid browsing. Clicking on the name of a variable will display descriptive information. If search terms are entered in the text box below, the list will be condensed to contain only matched variables.

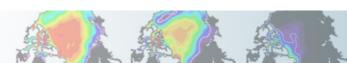


History and Initial Conditions Output

Namelist Variable	Туре	Group
<pre></pre>	to set it integer(6)	cam_inparm
Default: 0,-24,-24,-24,-24	type	

Namelist group



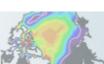


Some useful namelist variables

Common namelist variables to change include:

- *NHTFRQ*: sets the output frequency
- FINCL: add variables to the history file
- *MFILT*: maximum number of time samples written to a history file







Namelist variables: nhtfrq, mfilt

The default history file from CAM is a monthly average.

We can change the output frequency with the namelist variable *nhtfrq*

If nhtfrq=0, the file will be a monthly average

If nhtfrq>0, frequency is input as number of timesteps.

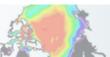
If nhtfrq<0, frequency is input as number of hours.

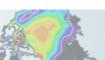
For instance to change the history file from monthly average to daily average, we set the namelist variable:

nhtfrq = -24

To control the number of timestep in the history file, we can use the variable *mfilt*For instance, to specify that we want one time sample on each history file, we set the namelist variable:

mfilt = 1







Namelist variables: fincl

You can output up to 6 history files: "h0", "h1", ..., "h5".

The file "h0" contains the default variables (in the code: "call add_default"). This includes the variables necessary for the AMWG package.

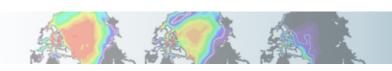
For the files "h1" to "h5", the user has to specify the variables to output.

We can use the namelist variables *fincl1*, *fincl2*,.., *fincl6* to control the list of fields in the history files:

h
h
h
h
5

The added fields must be in Master Field List (= fields that can be written to the history files).

Using a ":" following a field gives the **averaging flag** for the output field. Valid flags are: I for instantaneous, A for average, M for minimum, and X for maximum.



Example of customizing history files

For instance, on the top of the monthly history file "h0", if we want to output a file "h1" with instantaneous values of T, Q, U, V and OMEGA every 3 hour, we can use:

```
fincl2 = 'T:I', 'Q:I', 'U:I', 'V:I', 'OMEGA:I'
nhtfrq = 0, -3
```

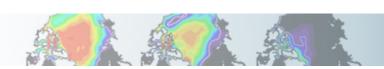
Notice that it is equivalent to:

```
fincl2 = 'T:I', 'Q:I', 'U:I', 'V:I', 'OMEGA:I'

nhtfrq(1) = 0

nhtfrq(2) = -3
```

NB: If you plan to run the AMWG diagnostic package, it is recommended to leave the "h0" file untouched and to add extra history files.



Exercise 3-5: Change in namelist

Exercise 3: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case03" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 15 days. Output daily averages using the variable CAM_NAMELIST_OPTS in env_conf.xml.

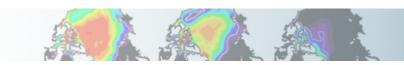
Turn off the short-term archiving.

(Hint: Use namelist variables: *nhtfrq*)

Exercise 4: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case04" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 1 month. Make namelist variables changes by creating a file: user_nl_cam

On the top of the monthly history file "h0", output "h1" file with 3-hourly values of T, Q, U and V.

Turn off the short-term archiving.(Hint: Use namelist variables: nhtfrq, fincl)



Exercise 3-5: Change in namelist

Exercise 5: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case05" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 1 month.

On the top of the monthly history file "h0", output:

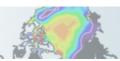
- "h1" file with instantaneous values of T, Q, U and V every 3 hour.
- "h2" file with time-average values of T, Q, U and V every 24 hour.

Write one h1 file for every day of the month and write a single h2.

Make your namelist variables changes by creating a file: user_nl_cam Turn off the short-term archiving.

(Hint: Use namelist variables: nhtfrq, mfilt, fincl)

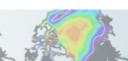






Outline

- CESM: workflow and compsets
- CAM standalone: running CAM4 and CAM 5 physics
- Namelist changes
- Code Changes
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- Exercises solutions





Principles for modifying the code

This section gives an overview of simple code modifications

Never modify the CESM root itself. Your modifications to the code should go into:

SourceMods contains subdirectories for each component:

src.cam because we are looking at CAM, this is

src.cice where we put our mods

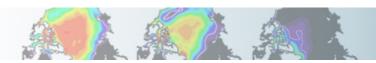
src.clm

src.docn

src.drv

src.sglc

src.share



Modifying a subroutine

• Steps to modify the code:

- Find the subroutine you want to modify
- Copy this subroutine in SourceMods
- Make your modifications
- Compile and run the model

Example: Modify a parameter, Dcs

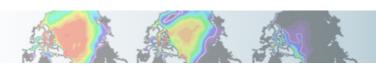
Let's modify a parameter in the CAM physics

Dcs = autoconversion size threshold for cloud ice to snow

1. Find the subroutine you want.

Go in the CESM code and look for Dcs (for instance, you can use: *grep -r Dcs* *) Dcs is in the subroutine *cldwat2m_micro.F90*

- 2. Copy this subroutine in SourceMods
 Go your case directory and copy *cldwat2m_micro.F90* into *SourceMods/src.cam*
- 3. Make your modifications
 Edit the value of Dcs in *SourceMods/src.cam/cldwat2m_micro.F90*
- 4. Compile and run the model

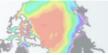


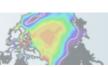
Exercise 6: Make a source modification

Exercise 6: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case06" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM5 physics and modify the value of Dcs from 325 to 300 microns. Set the run length to 3 days. Turn off the short-term archiving.

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The AMWG diagnostics package

Post processing tool to plot the atmospheric diagnostics for CAM or CESM

The AMWG diagnostics package produces over 600 plots and tables from the default CESM or CAM monthly means and displays the plots/tables on a webpage (you can also produce plots in ps format).

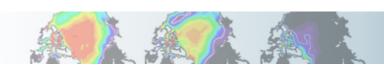
The AMWG diagnostics package can be used:

- to compare two CCSM (CAM) model simulations
- for comparing a model simulation to the observational and reanalysis data.

To run the AMWG diagnostics package, you must have on your computer:

- NCL (The NCAR Command Language)
- the netcdf operators (NCO)
- utility "convert" to convert the postscript plots to an image format suitable for the webpages (png,gif,jpg). Convert is part of the <u>ImageMagick</u> package.





The AMWG package

AMWG Diagnostics Package

b40 1850 2d b16c5cn 147jp



Plots Created Fri Apr 15 11:38:32 EDT 2011

Set Description

- 1 <u>Tables</u> of ANN, DJF, JJA, global and regional means and RMSE.
- 2 Line plots of annual implied northward transports.
- 3 Line plots of DJF, JJA and ANN zonal means
- 4 Vertical contour plots of DJF, JJA and ANN zonal means
- 4a Vertical (XZ) contour plots of DJF, JJA and ANN meridional means
- 5 Horizontal contour plots of DJF, JJA and ANN means
- 6 Horizontal vector plots of DJF, JJA and ANN means
- 7 Polar contour and vector plots of DJF, JJA and ANN means
- 8 Annual cycle contour plots of zonal means
- 9 Horizontal contour plots of DJF-JJA differences
- 10 Annual cycle line plots of global means
- 11 Pacific annual cycle, Scatter plot plots
- 12 Vertical profile plots from 17 selected stations
- 13 ISCCP cloud simulator plots
- 14 Taylor Diagram plots
- 15 Annual Cycle at Select Stations plots

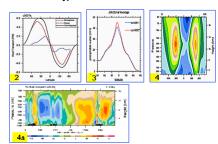


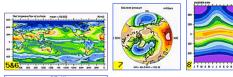


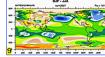
TABLES

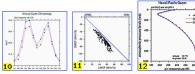
METRICS

Click on Plot Type





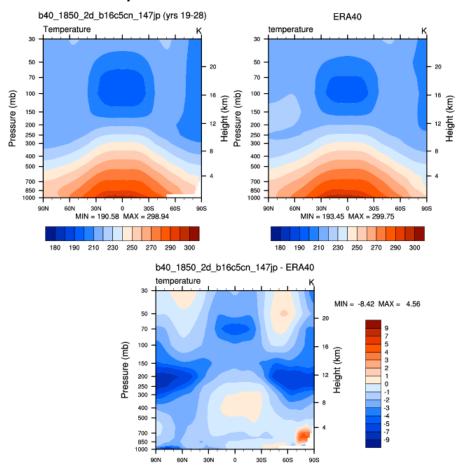




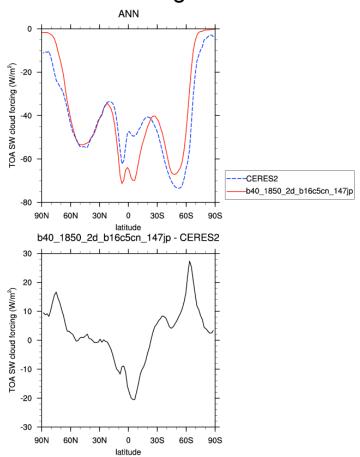


Zonal means

Temperature versus ERA40

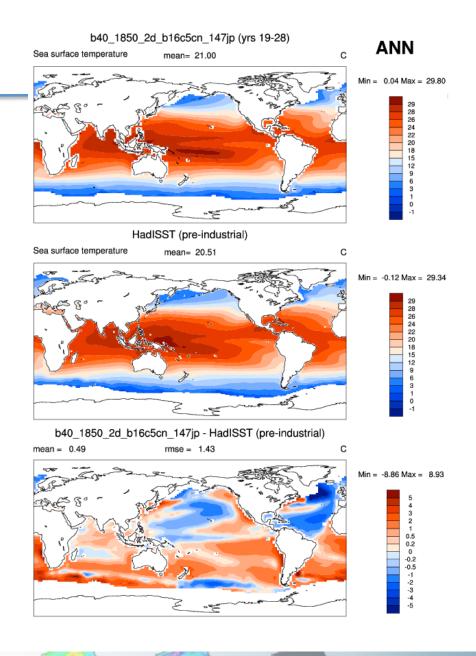


Shortwave cloud forcing versus CERES



Lat/Lon plots

Sea Surface Temperatures compared to observations



Where to dowload the code

http://www.cgd.ucar.edu/amp/amwg/diagnostics/

Menu

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Possible problems/Known Bugs

Links

CAM4 webpage

CCSM4 webpage

CCSM4 post processing

The CCSM Atmospheric Model Working Group Diagnostic Package



Diagnostics of Climatological Monthly Means

The AMWG diagnostics package produces over 600 postscript plots and tables in a variety of formats from CCSM (CAM) monthly netcdf files. Climatological means for DJF, JJA, and ANN are used. The diagnostics package can be used to compare two CCSM (CAM) model simulations or for comparing a model simulation to the observational and reanalysis data. Model output on gaussian or fixed grids can be used.

Included in the package are HTML files which provide the infrastructure for a basic website for the display of all your plots and tables. The c-shell script has a switch for creating webpages automatically. When this is used the end result of running the script is a tar file of all the plots in gif, jpg or png format and the needed html files organized in the proper subdirectories. The user can then untar this file in a directory of their choosing and create a link to it.

Examples of the webpages created by the diagnostics package

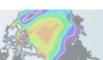
- Model fields compared with observational data plots
- Comparison of two different models plots

Last modified: Apr 9 2010 by hannay@ucar.edu



Outline

- CESM: workflow and compsets
- CAM standalone: running CAM4 and CAM 5 physics
- Namelist changes
- Code Changes
- How to look at the results: The CAM diagnostic package
- Where to find help
- Exercises solutions



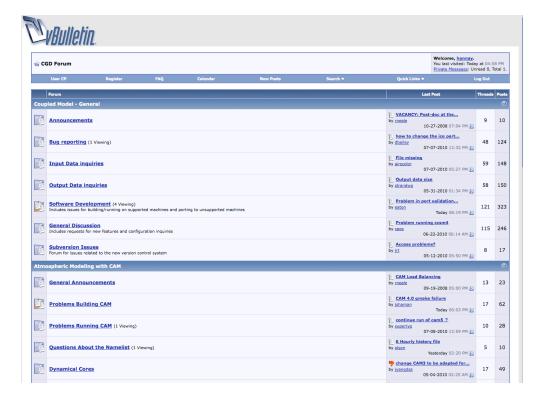


Where to find help?

Documentation:

http://www.cesm.ucar.edu/models/cesm1.0/

CESM bulletin board: http://bb.cgd.ucar.edu/

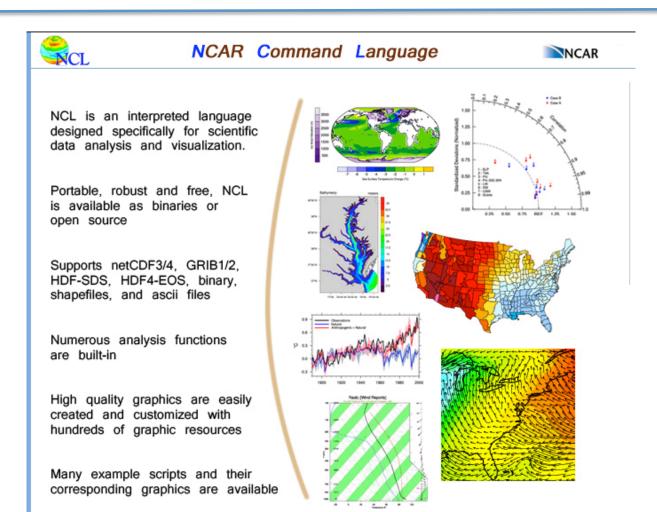








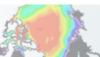
The NCAR Command Language (NCL)

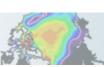


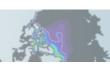
http://www.ncl.ucar.edu/

Outline

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Exercise 1: Solutions

Exercise 1: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case01" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 1 month. Turn off the short-term archiving.

Solution:

- Go the the scripts directory and create a new case in your home directory cd /usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2/scripts
 ./create newcase -res T31 T31 -compset F 2000 -case ~/case01 -mach mapache
- 2. Go to the case directory and configure the model cd ~/case01
 ./configure –case
- 3. Examine the variables STOP_OPTION and STOP_N in the file env_run.xml. These are used to set the run length.

 <!--"sets the run length with STOP_N and STOP_DATE, valid values:
 none,never,nsteps,nstep,nseconds,nsecond,nminutes,nminute,nhours,nhour,ndays,nday,nmonths,nmonth,nyears,n
 year,date,ifdays0,end (char) " -->
 <entry id="STOP_OPTION" value="ndays" />
 <!--"sets the run length with STOP_OPTION and STOP_DATE (integer) " -->
 <entry id="STOP_N" value="5" />



Exercise 1: Solutions

4. Edit the variable STOP N

```
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_N -val 1
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_OPTION -val nmonths
```

5. Examine the variables STOP N and STOP OPTION in the file env run.xml.

```
<!--"sets the run length with STOP_N and STOP_DATE, valid values:
none,never,nsteps,nstep,nseconds,nsecond,nminutes,nminute,nhours,nhour,ndays,nday,nmonths,nmonth,nyears,n
year,date,ifdays0,end (char) " -->
<entry id="STOP_OPTION" value="nmonths" />
```

```
<!--"sets the run length with STOP_OPTION and STOP_DATE (integer) " --> <entry id="STOP_N" value="3" />
```

6. Turn off the short-term archiving

```
./xmlchange -file env run.xml -id DOUT S -val FALSE
```

7. Build the model

./case01.mapache.build

It will take a while. While the model is building, you can explore your case directory: ~/case01

8. Submit your job

./case01.mapache.submit

Exercise 2: Solutions

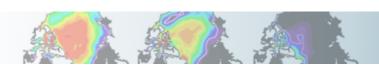
Exercise 2: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case02" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM5 physics. Set the run length to 1 month. Turn off the short-term archiving.

Solution:

- 1. Go the the scripts directory and create a new case in your home directory cd /usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2/scripts
 ./create_newcase -res T31_T31 -compset F_2000_CAM5 -case ~/case02 -mach mapache
- 2. Go to the case directory and configure the model cd ~/case02
 ./configure –case
- 3. Edit the variable STOP_N and STOP_OPTION and turn off the short-term archiving

```
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_N -val 1
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_OPTION -val nmonths
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id DOUT_S -val FALSE
```

- 4. Build the model
 - ./case02.mapache.build
- 5. Submit your job ./case02.mapache.submit



Exercise 2: Solutions

- 6. Compare the case directories: case01 and case02. In particular, compare the file env_conf.xml for the 2 cases diff ~/case01/env_conf.xml ~/case02/env_conf.xml
- 7. Compare the output files:

```
ncdump -h case01.cam2.h0.0001-01.nc => 26 vertical levels ncdump -h case02.cam2.h0.0001-01.nc => 30 vertical levels
```

8. Compare the timings

Timings are in:

~/case01/timing/ccsm_timing.case01.*

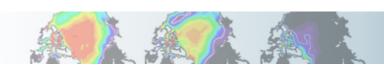
~/case02/timing/ccsm_timing.case02.*

Exercise 3: Solutions

Exercise 3: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case03" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 15 days. Output daily averages using the variable CAM_NAMELIST_OPTS in env_conf.xml. Turn off the archiving.

Solution:

- Go the the scripts directory and create a new case in your home directory cd /usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2/scripts
 ./create newcase -res T31 T31 -compset F 2000 -case ~/case03 -mach mapache
- 2. Go to the case directory and edit the file env_conf.xml to add the namelist parameter: nhtfrq=-24 cd ~/case03
 ./xmlchange -file env_conf.xml -id CAM_NAMELIST_OPTS -val nhtfrq=-24
- 2. Go to the case directory and configure the model ./configure –case
- 3. Edit the variable STOP_N and turn off the short-term archiving ./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_N -val 15 ./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id DOUT_S -val FALSE
- 4. Build the model ./case03.mapache.build



Exercise 3: Solutions

5. Submit your job ./case03.mapache.submit 6. Go the run directory: ncdump -h case03.cam2.h0.0001-01-01-00000.nc netcdf case03.cam2.h0.0001-01-01-00000 { dimensions: lat = 48 ;lon = 96;lev = 26; ilev = 27; isccp prs = 7; isccp_tau = 7 ; isccp prstau = 49 ; time = UNLIMITED ; // (16 currently) => 16 timesteps tbnd = 2; chars = 8; variables:

Exercise 4: Solutions

Exercise 4: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case04" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 1 month. Make namelist variables changes by creating a file: user_nl_cam

On the top of the monthly history file "h0", output "h1" file with 3-hourly values of T, Q, U and V.

Turn off the short-term archiving.

Solution:

Go the the scripts directory and create a new case in your home directory
cd/usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2/scripts
./create_newcase -res T31_T31 -compset F_2000 -case ~/case04 -mach mapache

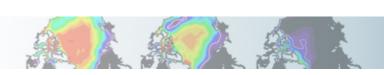
2. Go to the case directory

```
cd ~/case04
Create a file 'user_nl_cam' (emacs or vi) with the content:
&camexp
fincl2='T', 'Q', 'U', 'V'
nhtfrq=0,-3
//
```

3. Go to the case directory and configure the model

```
./configure -case
```





Exercise 4: Solutions

4. Edit the variable STOP N and STOP OPTION and turn off the short-term archiving

```
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_N -val 1
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_OPTION -val nmonths
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id DOUT_S -val FALSE
```

5 Build the model

./case04.mapache.build

6. Submit your job

./case04.mapache.submit

7. Look at the output files

```
case04.cam2.h0.0001-01.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-01-00000.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-04-64800.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-08-43200.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-12-21600.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-16-00000.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-19-64800.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-23-43200.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-27-21600.nc case04.cam2.h1.0001-01-31-00000.nc
```

Exercise 5: Solutions

Exercise 5: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case05" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM4 physics. Set the run length to 1 month. Turn off the short-term archiving.

On the top of the monthly history file "h0", output:

- "h1" file with instantaneous values of T, Q, U and V every 3 hour.
- "h2" file with time-average values of T, Q, U and V every 24 hour.

Write one h1 file for every day of the month and write a single h2.

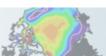
Make your namelist variables changes by creating a file: user nl cam

Solution:

- 1. Go the the scripts directory and create a new case in your home directory cd /usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2/scripts
 ./create newcase -res T31 T31 -compset F 2000 -case ~/case05 -mach mapache
- 2. Go to the case directory

```
cd ~/case05
Create a file 'user_nl_cam' (emacs or vi) with the content: &camexp
fincl2='T':I, 'Q:I', 'U:I', 'V:I'
fincl3='T', 'Q', 'U', 'V'
nhtfrq=0,-3,-24
mfilt=1,8,31
```







Exercise 5: Solutions

3. Go to the case directory and configure the model

./configure –case

4. Edit the variable STOP_N and STOP_OPTION and turn off the short-term archiving

./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_N -val 1

./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_OPTION -val nmonths

./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id DOUT_S -val FALSE

5. Build the model

./case05.mapache.build

6. Submit your job

./case05.mapache.submit

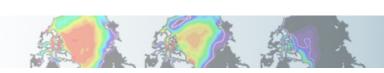
Exercise 6: Solutions

Exercise 6: Create, configure, and build an out-of-the-box set of scripts called "case06" that runs CAM standalone forced with climatological present-day SSTs at T31 resolution. Use the CAM5 physics and modify the value of Dcs from 325 to 300 microns. Output daily averages and set the run length to 3 days. Turn off the short-term archiving.

Solution:

- Go the the scripts directory and create a new case in your home directory
 cd /usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2/scripts
 ./create_newcase -res T31_T31 -compset F_2000_CAM5 -case ~/case06 -mach mapache
- Go to the case directory and edit the file env_conf.xml to add the namelist parameter: nhtfrq=-24
 cd ~/case06
 ./xmlchange -file env_conf.xml -id CAM_NAMELIST_OPTS -val nhtfrq=-24
- 3. Go to the case directory and configure the model ./configure –case
- 4. Edit the variable STOP_N and turn off the short-term archiving

```
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id STOP_N -val 3
./xmlchange -file env_run.xml -id DOUT_S -val FALSE
```



Exercise 6: Solutions

- 6. Copy the file cldwat2m.F90 into your SourceMods directory and edit the value of Dcs cp /usr/projects/cesm/cesm1_0_2/models/atm/cam/src/physics/cam/cldwat2m_micro.F90 SourceMods/src.cam/edit SourceMods/src.cam//cldwat2m_micro.F90 to change value of Dcs
- 7. Build the model ./case06.mapache.build
- 8. Submit your job ./case06.mapache.submit